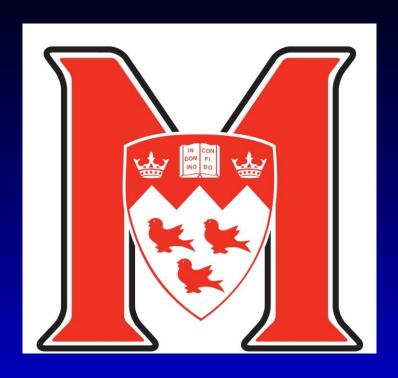
# From spectator to treating physician at a sporting event



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#### **FACULTY DISCLOSURE**

#### **Dr. Delaney**

has no affiliation with the manufacturer of any commercial product or provider of any commercial service discussed in this CME activity





#### **Outline**

- Cardiac Arrest / Traumatic Asphyxia
- Sport Medicine Slang
- C-spine Immobilization and Log Roll
- Neck Injuries
  - "Burners" or "stingers"
  - "Bilateral burners"
  - Catastrophic Injuries

#### **On Field Cardiac Arrest**

- Start CPR right there ASAP
- Early AED
- Can use AED in rain + snow













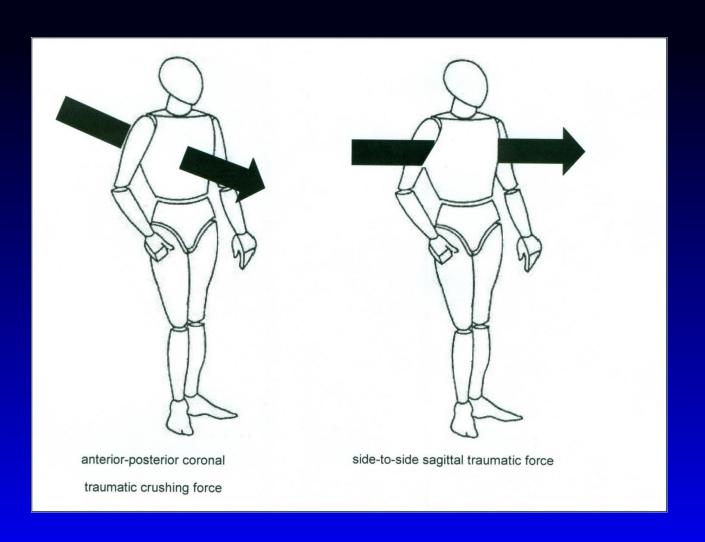
#### Sad History in Sports...











#### Sports Med "Slang"

- Burner or stinger
  - Transient brachial plexopathy
- Hip Pointer
  - Bruise to the iliac crest
- High Ankle sprain
  - Sprain of the syndesmotic ligament
- Sports hernia
  - Tear of external oblique muscle with compression if ilioinguinal nerve

#### Sports Med "Slang"

- Ding or Bell Ringer
  - Concussion
- Runner's trots
  - Cramps, flatulence, diarrhea, GI bleed
- Shin Splints
  - General term for pain in tibia region
- Turf Toe
  - Sprain of the ligaments around the big toe joint

#### Immobilization of C-spine

#### Immobilization of C-spine- NOT traction



### Log Roll Procedure

#### 1- Control the head and neck



## 2- Team gets into position and prepares patient





#### 3- Prepare to move patient as one unit



#### 4- Roll the patient as one unit



5- Place Spinal board at 45-90 degree

angle



6- Roll the patient back against the board to supine



#### **Helmet Removal**



#### **Helmet Removal?**



#### **Helmet On or Off**

Want to keep the neck in proper alignment



### **Helmet On or Off**



### **Helmet On or Off**



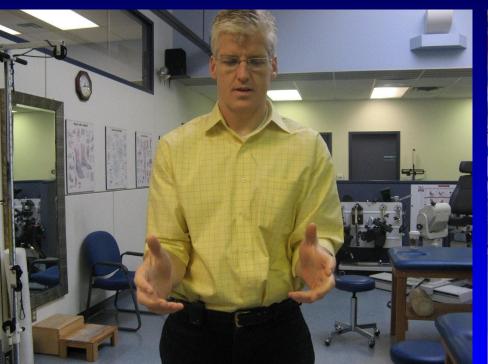
## 1 Person Emergency Log Roll



Work your hands backwards...



Start with how you want your hands to finish





Turn your hands into the patient



Roll the patient





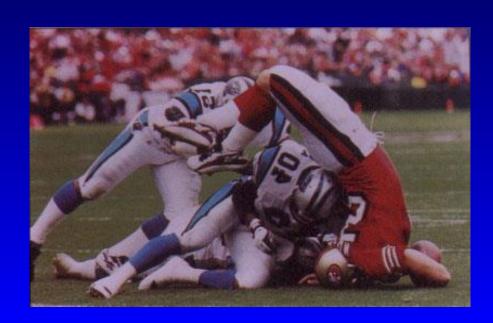
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#### **Athletic Neck Injuries**

Burners / Stingers

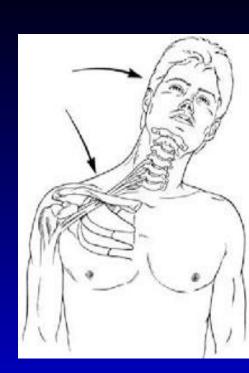
Spinal Cord
 Neuropraxia





## "Burners" or "Stingers" Transient Brachial Plexopathy

- Two types:
  - 1. Lateral flexion to the asymptomatic side
    - depression of the shoulder that stretches the nerves of the brachial plexus
  - 2. Lateral flexion to the symptomatic side
    - compression of the nerve roots in the neural foramina



#### "Burners" or "Stingers"

- C5 and C6 are most common
  - thumb and index finger numbness/burning
  - deltoid and biceps weakness
- Usually transient
- May return:
  - » no symptoms
  - y full range of motion
  - » no shoulder or arm weakness



# Spinal Cord Neuropraxia "Bilateral Burner"

- Extension of C-spine:
  - decreases size of spinal canal and foramina
- Hyperextension of C-spine:
  - decrease sagital diameter of spinal canal up to 30%
- Central spinal cord:
  - contains more UE than LE fibers from the corticospinal (motor) and spinothalamic (pain and temp) tracts

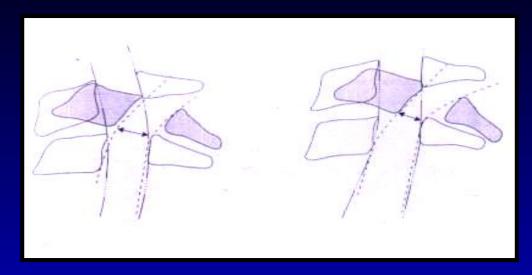
#### **Spinal Cord Neuropraxia**

#### Spinal Stenosis

- narrowing of spinal canal diameter
- less "buffer space" between cord and surrounding supporting structures (functional space)
- greater risk for cord injury at level of stenosis

#### **Spinal Cord Neuropraxia**

Athlete with spinal stenosis extends
 C-spine:



- = central cord syndrome
- bilateral UE neuro findings
- no ligamentous or bony disruption:
  - = normal C-spine film (SCIWORA?)
- MRI shows spinal stenosis, +/- swelling of cord

#### **Spinal Cord Neuropraxia**

- "Bilateral Burners"
  - Stop contact sports
  - Refer
  - C-spine X-ray and MRI

Note: If MRI shows spinal stenosis- NO contact sports EVER

#### **C-spine Fractures**

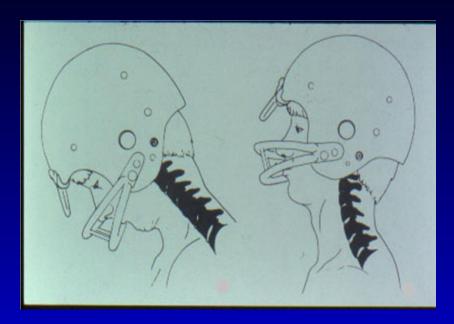
- Normal C-spine has a lordosis of 30°
  - applied forces absorbed via:
     lateral bending, flexion and extension
  - most force absorbed: posterior musculature

Catastrophic injuries 

 — the top of a player's head strikes opponent or object

#### Biomechanics of Injury

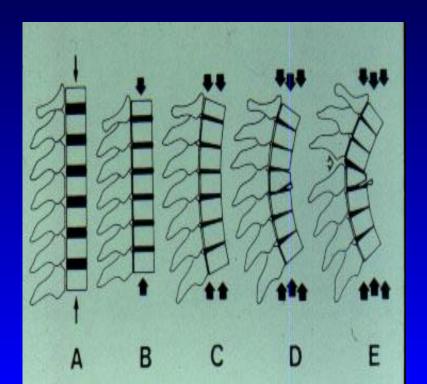
- Head flexed forward 30°
  - C-spine loses lordosis- now straight

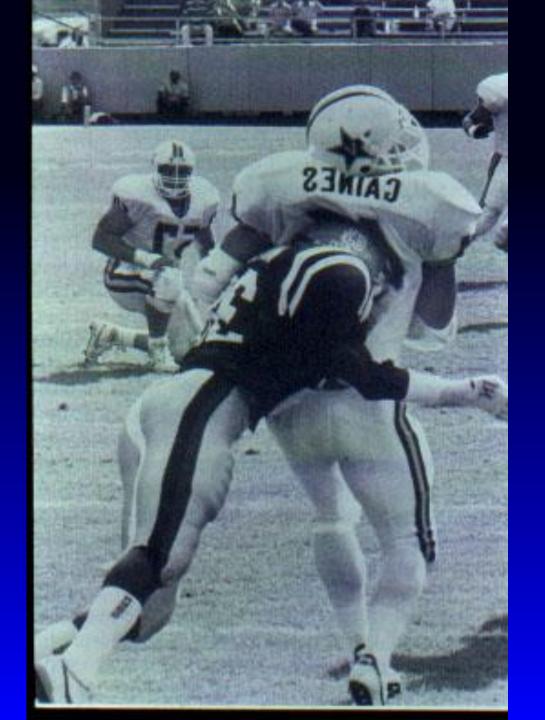


- VB + IVD now segmental column
- no capacity for cervical musculature to absorb energy

#### Biomechanics of Injury

- Axial load on head flexed forward 30°
  - IVD compressed to limit
  - C-spine begins to collapse in flexion
  - VB fracture
  - ligamentous disruption
  - subluxation/dislocation





#### Prevention

- Football- no spearing
- Hockey- no hitting from behind
- Swimming- no diving into shallow/unknown water







#### Summary

- CPR and AED at site of collapse
- Turn sideways in crush situation
- Know how to:
  - Immobilize the C-spine + Log roll
- Bilateral burner is a spinal cord injury
- Advocacy
  - No spearing in football / rugby
  - No hitting from behind in hockey
  - No diving into shallow / unknown water

#### **Thank You**